

## **General Description**

The MAX16823 three-channel LED driver operates from a 5.5V to 40V input voltage range and delivers up to 100mA per channel to one or more strings of high-brightness LEDs (HBLEDs). Each channel's current is programmable using an external current-sense resistor in series with the LEDs. Three DIM inputs allow a wide range of independent pulsed dimming in addition to providing the on and off control of the outputs. Wave-shaping circuitry reduces EMI while providing fast turn-on and turn-off times.

The MAX16823 is well suited for automotive applications requiring a high-voltage input and is able to withstand load-dump events up to 45V. On-board pass elements minimize external components while providing  $\pm 5\%$  LED current accuracy. Additional features include an active-high, open-drain LEDGOOD output for open LED detection, a +3.4V ( $\pm 5\%$ ) regulated output with 4mA output current capability, short-circuit and thermal protections.

The MAX16823 is available in thermally enhanced 5mm x 5mm, 16-pin TQFN-EP and 16-pin TSSOP-EP packages and is specified over the -40°C to +125°C automotive temperature range.

#### Applications

Automotive Exterior: Rear Combination Lights (RCLs), CHMSL

Automotive Interior: RGB Ambient Lighting, Cluster Lighting, and LCD Backlighting Emergency Vehicle Warning Lights Navigation and Marine Indicators Architectural and Industrial Lighting

## \_Features

- ♦ 5.5V to 40V Operating Range
- Adjustable Constant Output Current (5mA to 100mA and Up to 2A with External BJT)

- ±5% Output Current Accuracy
- Open LED Detection
- Three Independent High-Voltage DIM Inputs
- Three Integrated Pass Elements with Low Dropout Voltage (0.7V max)
- Undervoltage Lockout
- Output Short-Circuit Protection
- ♦ 3.4V Voltage Regulator with 4mA Capability
- Accurate, Low 203mV Current Sense
- Overtemperature Shutdown
- ♦ -40°C to +125°C Operating Temperature Range

## **Ordering Information**

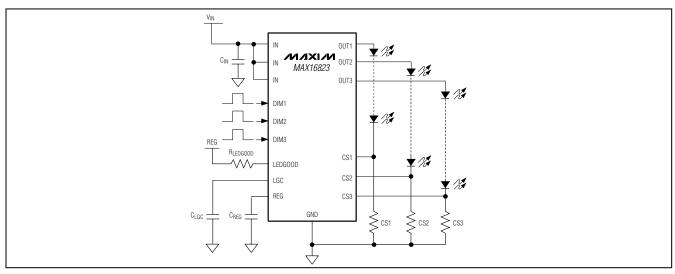
PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	
MAX16823ATE+	-40°C to +125°C	16 TQFN-EP*	
MAX16823AUE+	-40°C to +125°C	16 TSSOP-EP*	

+Denotes a lead-free/RoHS-compliant package.

\*EP = Exposed pad.

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.

## **Typical Operating Circuit**



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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

IN to GND	0.3V to +45V
OUT1, OUT2, OUT3, DIM1, DIM2,	
DIM3 to GND	0.3V to (V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3V)
REG, LGC, LEDGOOD to GND	0.3V to +6V
CS1, CS2, CS3 to GND	0.3V to +0.5V
OUT1, OUT2, OUT3 Short Circuited	
to GND Duration (V <sub>IN</sub> + 16V)	60min
Maximum Current into Any Pin	
(except IN, OUT1, OUT2, OUT3)	±20mA

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
16-Pin TQFN 5mm x 5mm	
(derate 33.3mW/°C above +70°C)2666	mW
16-Pin TSSOP (derate 26.1mW/°C above +70°C)2088.8	mW
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +12	5°C
Junction Temperature+15	0°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +15	0°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+30	0°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{IN} = 12V, C_{REG} = 0.1 \mu F, I_{REG} = 0, C_{LGC} = 15 nF, V_{DIM1} = V_{DIM2} = V_{DIM3} = 3.4V, R_{CS} = 2.85 \Omega \text{ from CS} \text{ to GND}, T_J = T_A = -40^{\circ} \text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ} \text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted}. Typical values are at T_A = +25^{\circ} \text{C}.) (Note 1)$ 

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range	VIN		5.5		40	V
	1.11.41.0	V <sub>IN</sub> rising	4.4	4.9	5.4	V
Undervoltage Lockout	UVLO	V <sub>IN</sub> falling	4.0	4.6	5.2	
Ground Current	IG	$I_{OUT1} = I_{OUT2} = I_{OUT3} = 70 \text{mA}$		1.5	3	mA
Guaranteed Output Current	lout		100			mA
LED Current-Sense Accuracy		$5\text{mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 70\text{mA}$			5	%
	11/00	$I_{OUT} = 70 \text{mA}, 6.5 \text{V} \le \text{V}_{IN} \le 40 \text{V}$		0.3	0.7	- V
Dropout Voltage (Note 2)	ΔVDO	$I_{OUT}$ = 70mA, 5.5V $\leq$ V <sub>IN</sub> $\leq$ 6.5V		0.3	0.8	
Output Current Slew Rate				8		mA/µs
Short-Circuit Current		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V		180		mA
LEDGOOD	<u>.</u>					
LEDGOOD Output Logic Low	VOL	I <sub>SINK</sub> = 2mA			0.4	V
LGC Pullup Resistor			65	100	135	kΩ
LGC Input Upper Threshold	Vuth			2.53		V
LGC Input Lower Threshold	VLTH			0.8		V
LGC Pulldown Current		VLGC > VUTH		20		mA
LGC Clock Period		$C_{LGC} = 15nF$	0.77	1.5	2.3	ms
DIMMING INPUT (DIM1, DIM2, D	IM3)	·				
DIM_ Logic-Input Bias Current	IDIM_		-0.1		+0.1	μA
DIM_ Input-Voltage High			2.4		VIN	V
DIM_ Input-Voltage Low					0.6	V
DIM_ Frequency			0		3	kHz
OUTPUTS (OUT1, OUT2, AND C	UT3) (Note 3)					
Turn-On Time		DIM_ rising edge to 90% of OUT_ current		12	28	μs
Turn-Off Time		DIM_ falling edge to 10% of OUT_ current		8	18	μs
Output Current Rise Time		10% to 90%		7	18	μs
Output Current Fall Time		90% to 10%		6	15	μs

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $(V_{IN} = 12V, C_{REG} = 0.1\mu$ F,  $I_{REG} = 0, C_{LGC} = 15$ nF,  $V_{DIM1} = V_{DIM2} = V_{DIM3} = 3.4$ V,  $R_{CS} = 2.85\Omega$  from CS\_ to GND,  $T_J = T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
CURRENT SENSE						
Regulated CS_ Voltage	V <sub>CS</sub> _	$5mA \le I_{OUT} \le 70mA$	193	203	213	mV
Input Current (CS1, CS2, CS3)		Current out of CS_			+1.2	μA
OVERTEMPERATURE PROTECT	ION (Note 4)					
Thermal Shutdown Temperature				155		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis				23		°C
3.4V REGULATOR (REG)						
			3.275	3.41	3.547	V
Output Voltage	VREG	$0 \le I_{REG} \le 4mA$	3.221	3.38	3.547	V
REG Short-Circuit Current		V <sub>REG</sub> = 0V		13		mA

**Note 1:** All devices 100% production tested at  $T_J = +25^{\circ}$ C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design. **Note 2:** Dropout is measured as follows: Connect a resistor from OUT\_ to CS\_. Connect R<sub>CS</sub> = 2.85 $\Omega$  from CS\_ to GND.

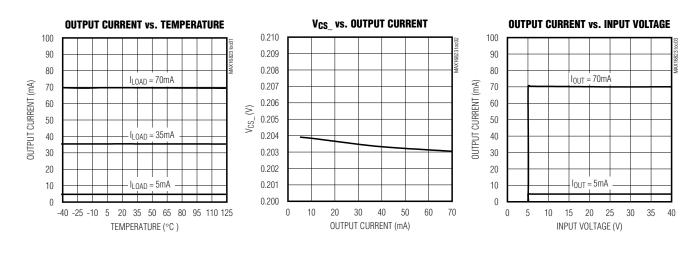
Set  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 3V$  (record  $V_{OUT}$  as  $V_{OUTA}$ ). Reduce  $V_{IN}$  until  $V_{OUT} = 0.97 \times V_{OUTA}$  (record as  $V_{INB}$  and  $V_{OUTB}$ ). VDO =  $V_{INB} - V_{OUTB}$ .

Note 3: Output current rise and fall times are measured with a  $62\Omega$  series resistor from OUT\_ to CS\_.

Note 4: Overtemperature protection does not function if the output of the 3.4V reference (REG) is shorted to ground.

# **Typical Operating Characteristics**

 $(V_{IN} = 12V, C_{REG} = 0.1\mu F, I_{REG} = 0, V_{LGC} = unconnected, connect R_{CS} = 2.85\Omega$  from CS\_ to GND. Connect OUT\_ to CS\_ through a resistor, T<sub>J</sub> = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.)

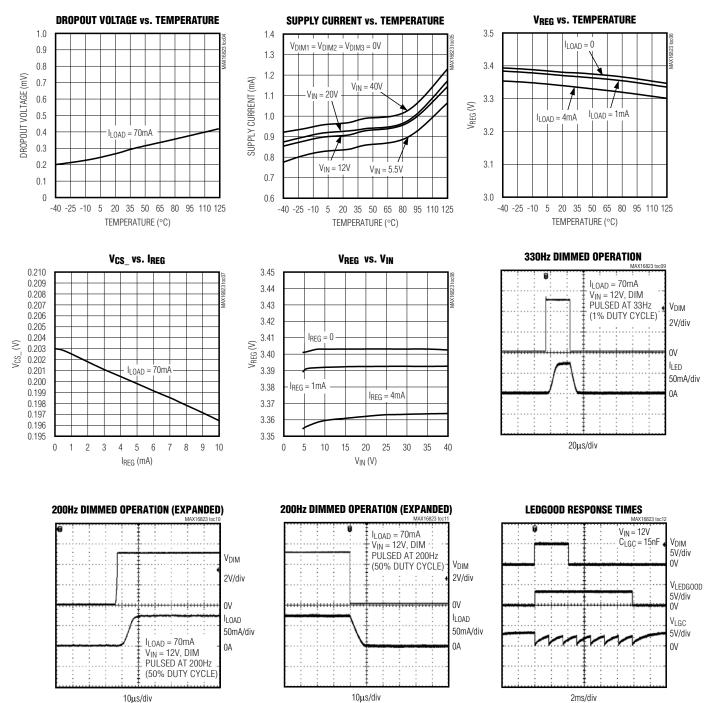






# \_\_\_\_Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{IN} = 12V, C_{REG} = 0.1\mu$ F,  $I_{REG} = 0, V_{LGC} =$  unconnected, connect  $R_{CS} = 2.85\Omega$  from CS\_ to GND. Connect OUT\_ to CS\_ through a resistor,  $T_J = -40^{\circ}$ C to  $+125^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C.)



# **Pin Description**

PIN			FUNCTION		
TQFN	TSSOP	NAME	FUNCTION		
1	3	DIM1	Dimming Input 1. DIM1 is a low-frequency dimming input for channel 1. A logic-low turns off OUT1 and a logic-high turns on OUT1.		
2	4	DIM2	Dimming Input 2. DIM2 is a low-frequency dimming input for channel 2. A logic-low turns off OUT2 and a logic-high turns on OUT2.		
3	5	DIM3	Dimming Input 3. DIM3 is a low-frequency dimming input for channel 3. A logic-low turns off OUT3 and a logic-high turns on OUT3.		
4	6	LEDGOOD	Open LED Output. LEDGOOD is an open-drain output. A logic-high indicates the LED connection is good in all three channels. A logic-low indicates an open LED connection. See the <i>LEDGOOD</i> section.		
5, 6, 7	7, 8, 9	IN	Positive Input Supply. Bypass with a 0.1 $\mu$ F (min) capacitor to GND. Connect all IN pins together.		
8	10	LGC	LED Detection-Timing Setting. Connect a capacitor from LGC to ground to set the delay time for LEDGOOD.		
9	11	REG	3.4V Voltage Regulator. Connect a 0.1µF capacitor from REG to GND.		
10	12	GND	Ground		
11	13	CS3	Channel 3 Sense Amplifier Positive Input. Connect the current-sense resistor between CS3 and GND to program the output current level for channel 3.		
12	14	CS2	Channel 2 Sense Amplifier Positive Input. Connect the current-sense resistor between CS2 and GND to program the output current level for channel 2.		
13	15	CS1	Channel 1 Sense Amplifier Positive Input. Connect the current-sense resistor between CS1 and GND to program the output current level for channel 1.		
14	16	OUT3	Current Regulator Output 3		
15	1	OUT2	Current Regulator Output 2		
16	2	OUT1	Current Regulator Output 1		
EP	EP	EP	Exposed Pad. Connect EP to a large-area ground plane for effective power dissipation. Do not use as the IC ground connection.		

## **Detailed Description**

The MAX16823 three-channel current regulator operates from a 5.5V to 40V input voltage range and delivers up to 100mA per channel to one or more strings of HBLEDs. The output currents are programmable using external current-sense resistors in series with the LEDs. Three DIM inputs allow a wide range of independent pulsed dimming in addition to providing the on and off control of the outputs. The MAX16823 offers an LED-GOOD output that indicates an open-circuit condition when one or more LED channels are open.

Integrated pass elements minimize external components while providing  $\pm 5\%$  output current accuracy. Additional features include a 3.4V ( $\pm 5\%$ ) voltage regulator with 4mA output current capability, short-circuit and thermal protection.

The MAX16823 uses a feedback loop to linearly control the current from each output. The voltage across each sense resistor is compared to a fixed reference voltage and the error is amplified to drive the internal power pass device for a particular channel. See the *Block Diagram.* The regulation point is factory-set at 203mV. The regulated current is adjusted by the value of RCS\_.

The MAX16823 is a constant-current LED driver internally optimized for driving the impedance range expected from one or more HBLEDs.

#### 3.4V Regulator (REG)

The MAX16823 includes a fixed 3.4V voltage regulator that delivers up to 4mA of load current for auxiliary applications throughout the 5.5V to 40V input voltage range. Connect a  $0.1\mu$ F compensation capacitor from REG to ground. Shorting REG to ground disables the thermal shutdown.

#### **Thermal Protection**

The MAX16823 enters a thermal-shutdown mode in the event of overheating. This typically occurs in overload or output short-circuit conditions. When the junction temperature exceeds  $T_J = +155^{\circ}$ C, the internal thermal protection circuitry turns off the series pass elements. The MAX16823 recovers from thermal-shutdown mode once the junction temperature drops by 23°C. The part will therefore protect itself by low-frequency thermal cycling in the event of a short-circuit or overload condition.

## Applications Information

#### **Programming the LED Current**

The MAX16823 uses sense resistors to set the output current for each channel. To set the LED current for a particular channel, connect a sense resistor across the corresponding current-sense input (CS\_) and GND. For optimal accuracy, connect the low-side of the current-sense resistors to the IC's ground pin with short traces. The value needed for the sense resistor for a given current can be calculated with the equation below:

$$\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{CS}}(\Omega) = \frac{\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{CS}}(\mathsf{V})}{\mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{OUT}}(\mathsf{A})}$$

where V\_CS\_ is 203mV and I\_OUT\_ is the desired LED current (I\_LED).

#### **Input-Voltage Considerations**

For proper operation, the minimum input voltage must always be:

 $V_{IN(MIN)} \ge V_{CS}(MAX) + V_{FT}(MAX) + V_{DO}(MAX)$ 

where  $V_{\text{FT}(\text{MAX})}$  is the total forward voltage of all series-connected LEDs. The minimum operating voltage of the device is 5.5V.

#### LEDGOOD

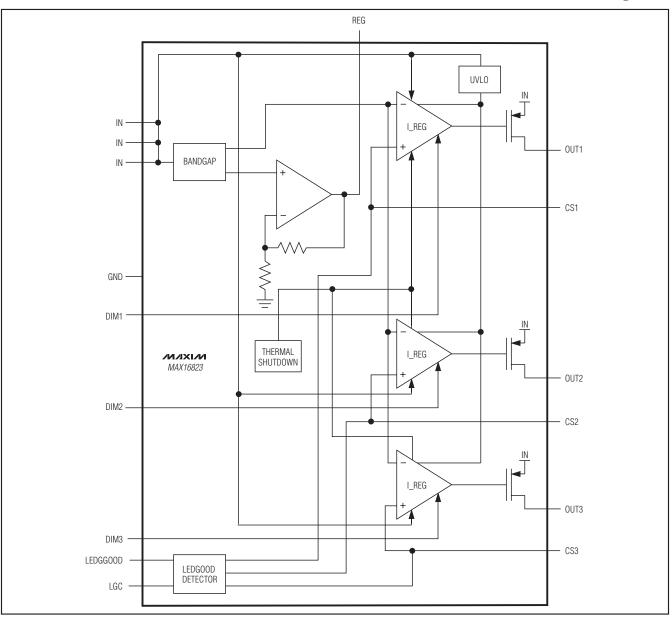
The MAX16823 features an active-low, open-drain LEDGOOD output that goes low either when one or more LED channels are open or when a signal at any of the dimming inputs remains low for a period greater than the programmed LEDGOOD delay time tDELAY. Program tDELAY with a capacitor connected between LGC and ground. The LEDGOOD output goes low after the programmed delay period tDELAY has elapsed. Use the following formula to set the delay period:

$$t_{\text{DELAY}} = 257,900(\Omega) \times C_{\text{LGC}}(F)$$

where  $C_{LGC}$  is the capacitor connected between LGC and ground. The LEDGOOD output goes low during the thermal shutdown.



MAX16823



#### **Pulse-Dimming Inputs (DIM\_)**

The MAX16823 features pulsed or chopped-current dimming inputs (DIM\_) to chop the LED current and to adjust the brightness. DIM\_ also serves as an active-high enable input. A logic-low at DIM\_ turns off OUT\_ and a logic-high turns on OUT\_. If the signal at DIM stays low more than the programmed LEDGOOD delay time, LEDGOOD goes low (Figure 1).

#### Two Brightness Levels for TAIL/STOP Lights

Figure 2 shows the PWM dimming operation for the MAX16823 with an ICM7555 timer. The ICM7555 provides an adjustable duty cycle using two external resistors and a capacitor. In TAIL operation, the output of the ICM7555 feeds into DIM and lights up the LEDs. The LED's brightness depends on the duty cycle of the



ICM7555. When V<sub>STOP</sub> is present, DIM is pulled up to V<sub>STOP</sub>. The PWM dimming operation is disabled and the LEDs light up to full brightness. See the ICM7555 data sheet for formulas to calculate the dimming frequency and the duty cycle.

#### **Outputs Latch-Off**

Figure 3 shows a circuit with DIM1, DIM2, DIM3, and LEDGOOD connected through a resistor to  $V_{REG}$ . This circuit is useful for applications that require all outputs to latch off when one of the LEDs opens. The MAX16823 resumes current regulation again through power cycling, once the fault condition is removed.

#### **Other Applications**

The application circuit in Figure 4 implements a two-level brightness current for TAIL/STOP lights. In TAIL operation, Q1 is off and R<sub>CS1</sub> sets the output current. In STOP operation, Q1 turns on and the output current is set by a parallel combination of R<sub>CS1</sub> and R2.

Figure 5 shows an application circuit with the MAX16823 using a single BJT to provide high output current. For proper operation:

 $V_{IN(MIN)} > V_{BE(MAX)} + V_{FT(MAX)} + V_{CS} + V_{DO(MAX)}$ 

For minimized dropout, the LEDs can be placed in the collector.

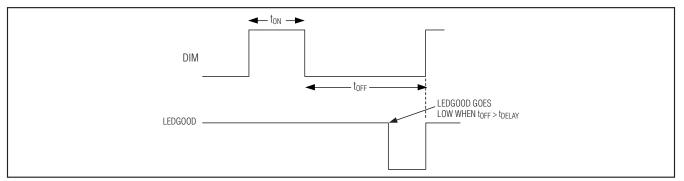


Figure 1. LEDGOOD Timing Delay

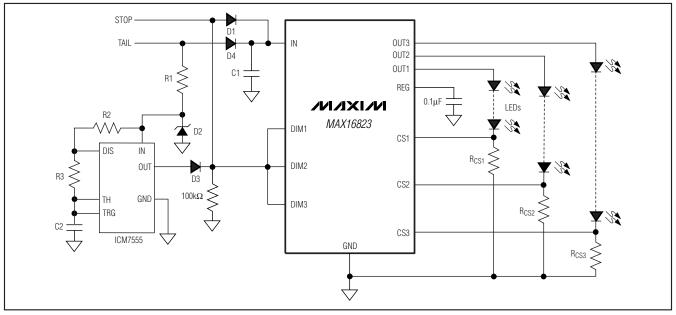


Figure 2. PWM Dimming Operation with ICM7555

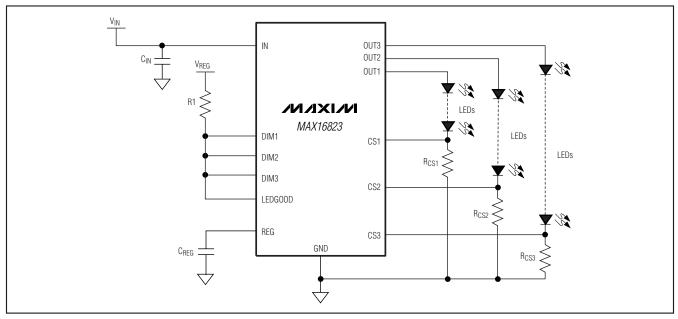


Figure 3. Output\_ Latch-Off

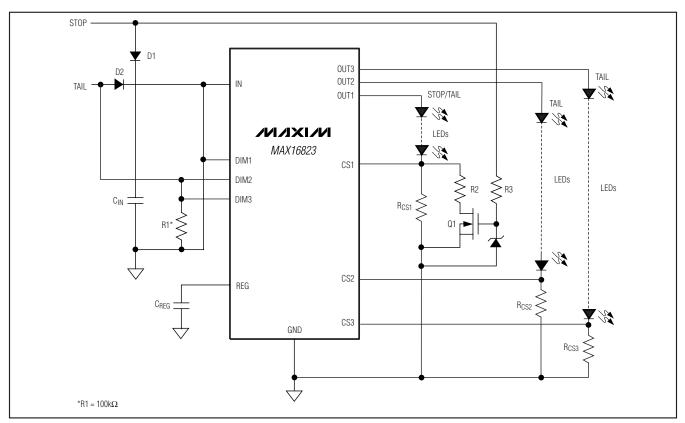


Figure 4. Two-Brightness Level with Current Level Switch for TAIL/STOP Lights

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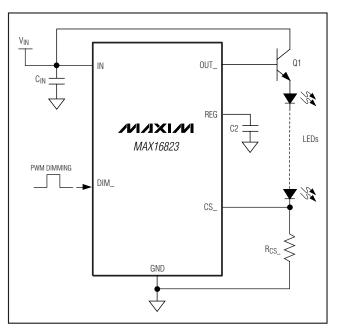


Figure 5. Increased LED Current (Amper Range) with a Single BJT

#### **Preload Current**

Figure 6 shows the MAX16823 with a preload circuit. In the circuit, the BJT, RPRELOAD, and REG generate a preset load current. The preset load current IPRESET is determined with the following formula:

$$I_{PRESET} = \frac{V_{REG} - 0.7V}{R_{PRELOAD}}$$

This circuit is used with older body controllers that monitor minimum RCL current to detect failures.

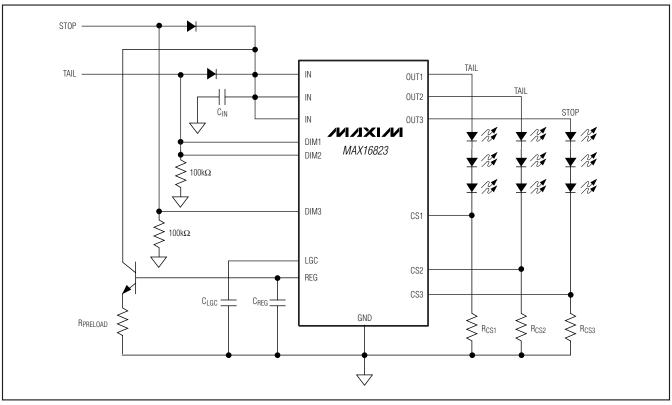
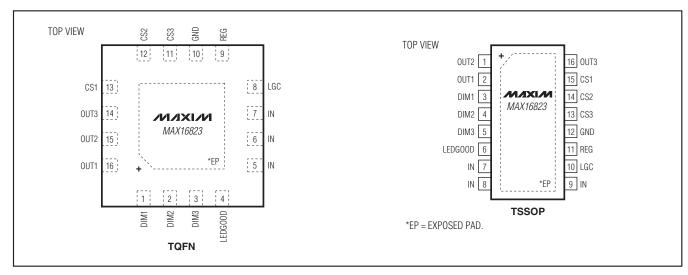


Figure 6. Preload Current Setting

## \_Pin Configurations



## **Chip Information**

PROCESS: BICMOS-DMOS

## **Package Information**

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.

PACKAGE TYPE	DOCUMENT NO.	
16 TQFN	T1655-3	<u>21-0140</u>
16 TSSOP	U16E-3	<u>21-0108</u>

# **MAX16823**

## \_\_\_ Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	1/07	Initial release	—
1	3/07	Released TQFN package.	1
2	10/08	Updated General Description, Features, EC table, and Detailed Description.	1, 2, 6

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